

TASTE: TASTE TESTING

MORKING

SCIENTIFICALLY

- Planning different types of enquiries to answer questions
- Taking measurements
- Recording data and results of increasing complexity
- Using test results to make predictions
- Reporting and presenting findings from enquiries
- Identifying scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments

OUTCOMES AND IMPLICATIONS:

We often have a resistance to new foods. Some scientists think that we need to be presented with new food as many as fifteen times before we can "accept" it as something we can eat. More adventurous eating behaviour can often be encouraged by introducing foods in novel ways.

N/C link LKS2:

Children should describe the
simple functions of the basic parts
of the digestive system in humans.
Elsewhere, they should explore the
rest of the digestive system,
through activities such as
through the digestive system,
modelling the digestive system,
this should include work
on the teeth

SAFETY

If taste testing is taking place, you must ensure you have up to date information relating to any food allergies children may have and take appropriate precautions.